

Corsicana Precinct
Population 26,858
1930 Census

Corsicana SEMI-WEEKLY Light

Home of the Daily Sun and Semi-Weekly Morning Light

FULL LEASED WIRE ASSOCIATED PRESS SERVICE

VOL. XLVIII,

CORSICANA, TEXAS, TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1933.

Navarro County
Population 60,494
1930 Census

NO. 37

OIL PRODUCTION TAX IS URGED NEW FARM MESSAGE BY ROOSEVELT

ASKS READJUSTMENT OF PRINCIPAL AND REDUCED INTEREST

PRESIDENT STARTS FIFTH WEEK IN WHITE HOUSE WITH SEVENTH MESSAGE

WASHINGTON, April 3.—(P)—President Roosevelt recommended to congress today the enactment of legislation authorizing refinancing of farmers indebtedness.

Beginning his fifth white house week with the dispatch of his seventh message to the legislators, the president opened the way for inclusion of this latest major plan as an amendment to the farm relief bill in the senate.

Applying on farm mortgages, the message proposed both readjustment of the principal of the farmers debts and a reduction of interest rates.

He also proposed a temporary readjustment of amortization to give sufficient time to farmers to restore to them the hope of ultimate free ownership of their own land."

The president said he would soon propose an extension of their program to the debt burdened owners of small homes.

He also disclosed he would ask congress soon for legislation permitting the initiation of reciprocal trade agreements.

"The legislation I suggest," said the president, "will not impose a heavy burden upon the national treasury."

Text of Message

His text follows:

To the Congress:

As an integral part of the broad plan to end the forced liquidation of property, to increase purchasing power and broaden the credit structure for the benefit of both the producing and consuming elements in our population, I ask that congress for specific legislation relating to the mortgages and other forms of indebtedness of the farmers of the nation. That many thousands of farmers in all parts of the country are unable to meet the indebtedness incurred when their crop prices had a very different money value is well known to all of you. The legislation now pending which seeks to raise agricultural commodity prices is a definite step to enable farmers debtors to pay their indebtedness in commodity terms more closely approximating those in which the indebtedness was incurred; but that is not enough.

In addition the federal government should provide for the refinancing of mortgage and other indebtedness so as to accomplish a more equitable readjustment of the principle of the debt, reduction of interest rates, while in many instances are so unconscionable.

(Continued on Page Seven)

AS SCOTTSBORO CASE REOPENED



GENERAL ANALYSIS OF FARM MORTGAGE REFINANCING BILL

LATEST ADMINISTRATION MEASURE FOR RELIEF IN- TRODUCED MONDAY

WASHINGTON, April 3.—(P)—Here is an analysis of the administration's farm indebtedness refinancing bill introduced today by Senator Robinson of Arkansas, the democratic leader. The analysis was issued by Robinson soon after he introduced the bill:

"The bill to refinance farm mortgages contains among other the following important provisions:

"1. The federal land banks within two years from the time the act takes effect (or until the farm loan commissioner finds that federal land bank bonds are readily salable on the market at 4 per cent) may issue not more than two billion dollars in 4 per cent bonds on which the interest shall be guaranteed by the United States. The bonds may be issued for two purposes, namely, (1) making new loans; (2) exchanging bonds for outstanding mortgages."

"2. The federal land banks are authorized to purchase first mortgages on farm land within their respective districts or to exchange bonds for first mortgages at a price not exceeding the unpaid principle of 50 per cent of the normal value of the land mortgages plus 20 per cent of the improvements, whichever is the smaller, the mortgagor being entitled to have his indebtedness refinanced for the amount paid by the bank for his mortgage."

"3. To provide for extensions, the secretary of the treasury is authorized to subdivide the same periods as the farm loan commissioner shall determine to the bank in surplus of the federal land banks the sum of \$50,000,000 to be repaid when resources of the bank become available therefor."

"4. The maximum rate of interest

(Continued on Page Two)

Church Bombed During Service; No One Injured

NEGRO IDENTIFIED BY ATTACK VICTIM SCOTTSBORO TRIAL

WITNESS BECOMES NETTLED AT CONTINUED QUESTIONS DEFENSE ATTORNEYS

(Continued on Page Two)

By T. M. DAVENPORT
(Associated Press Staff Writer).
DECATUR, Ala., April 3.—Identified Victoria, 16, today identified Haywood Patterson, Chattanooga negro, as one of her attackers at the trial opened. At left is Judge James E. Horton, who is presiding; at upper right, Chief Defense Counsel Samuel Leibowitz, and at lower right, Victor Price, who with Ruby Bates, now missing, made the charges against the seven men.

With the reopening of the famous Scottsboro case, wherein seven negro men are on trial for their lives, charged with an attack on two white girls, the national spotlight is focused on the little town of Decatur, Ala., the new trial venue decided upon by the United States Supreme Court, which also ruled that the previous conviction, condemning the men to death, was unconstitutional. Here are photos made as the trial opened. At left is Judge James E. Horton, who is presiding; at upper right, Chief Defense Counsel Samuel Leibowitz, and at lower right, Victor Price, who with Ruby Bates, now missing, made the charges against the seven men.

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WIELDER OF WHO ATTACKED LIVE BEING SOUGHT

TOLEDO, O., April 3.—(P)—An apparently crazed knife-wielder, who attacked four women and an 11-year-old girl, was hunted by police today.

They expressed the belief the man, who was described by his victims as about 30 years old, had been smoking cigarettes filled with narcotics. The girl and one woman victim reported a peculiar odor about his person.

The manner in which he fled as soon as his victims screamed added to the evidence that the man was under the influence of narcotics, police said.

Mrs. Charles Jacobs was the woman stabbed. She told police the man leaped into her as she walked past an alley in the downtown section last night.

She felt a blow in her back as he snatched at her purse but was not aware that she had been cut until she ran into the home of a friend. Hospital physicians said she would recover, although the cut had cut deeply.

The 11-year-old girl was attacked in an alley a few blocks away. The other three women said the man grabbed them about the neck and attempted to drag them from the sidewalk, they said he fled when they screamed.

One of them, Miss Jackie Mason, was attacked while walking in the business section. The others, Mrs. Ella Ames and Miss Beatrice Deeb, 23, said they were seized in North Toledo. Miss Ames lost her purse containing \$2.

Declared Lions Running Lose In Athens District

Are Lions running loose in Henderson county?

J. L. Weaver, farmer living three and a half miles south of Athens on the Palestine road, says he stands ready to make an affidavit that he saw a full grown Mexican lion cross a tract near his farm one day last week. The lion had apparently emerged from the Koon Creek area and was headed for the lowlands when seen by Mr. Weaver.

Weaver's claim that lions inhabit that part of Henderson county is partially born by Jack Owen, who lives some distance away. Owen steadfastly maintains that he recently saw the tracks of two lions on his farm, the tracks were identified as Mexican lions which he believes worked their way gradually from the south to Henderson county—Athens Re-

LEGISLATURE

(Continued from Page 1) to hold sessions on Tuesday and Thursday nights of each week, disposition of all unenacted bills. The resolution also provided that the legislature be in session a minimum of six hours per day to consider legislation.

The house voted to print on minority report a bill by Representative Charles H. Tenney of Wichita Falls to declare gas pipe lines common carriers.

The senate resolved consideration of the departmental appropriation bill. It recommended its vote of last week by which it refused to include an appropriation of \$4,335 for support of the state tax department. The allotment was ordered by a vote of twenty to nine.

On motion of Senator E. J. Blackett of Victoria, the Senate reversed its former decision and voted to postpone the Texas ranger force from 44 to 20. Acting on suggestion of Senator Clint C. Small of Amarillo the senate had reduced the appropriation for the rangers' salaries from \$64,800 to \$29,810. The larger amount was restored today by a vote of 18 to 10.

Mortgage Foreclosure Moratorium Passed

AUSTIN, April 3.—(P)—A Senate bill to delay for 30 days the sale of real estate under mortgage foreclosure proceedings or deeds of trust, scheduled for tomorrow, in Texas counties, was passed today by the house of representatives. The bill received enough votes in each house to become effective immediately on signature of the governor. It was planned to send it to the governor immediately.

The passage of the bill marked the third time the legislature had voted to suspend forced sale of real estate. The first bill was passed during the banking moratorium and delayed sales, scheduled to be made on March 7, 1933, tomorrow.

The new sale date was fixed in the bill at the first Tuesday in May.

The bill was passed in the house 115 to 10.

MICHIGAN

(Continued from Page 1) the weekend against "over-confidence."

Wisconsin Votes Tuesday.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 3.—(P)—Wisconsin will pass official judgment on the 18th amendment tomorrow, with the head of the state's anti-saloon league frankly pessimistic of the outcome.

The Rev. William Jones, state superintendent of the league, said he conceded that the repealists would win. He said there was no hope for prohibition in Wisconsin in an election at which delegates to the state's 18th amendment convention were chosen from the state at large. If the delegates, he added, were chosen by districts there might be some possibility of overruling the majority. Milwaukee and other large cities in the Eastern part of the state.

Fifteen delegates are to be named to the convention which will meet at Madison April 15. Names of thirty candidates, fifteen wet and fifteen dry and none identified with any party or political faction, appear on the ballot.

Barbed Shafts of Shavian Wit Lost G. B. S. Hollywood Admirers

* * * * * Irish Dramatist's Criticism of Her Millinery Drew Blushes from Alice Brady—"Piracy" Charge Drew Tears from Ann Harding.



EAST TEXAS

(Continued from Page 1) attorney general himself did not say definitely that production could not be limited below 40 barrels, they believed that the commission should "resolve the doubt in favor of proration."

Several persons attending the commission hearing suggested that the legislature should immediately amend the marginal well law.

Members of the commission asserted that they were primarily interested in writing a valid order and indicated that they would fix the minimum well daily allowable at 40 barrels unless the marginal well statutes should be amended.

Alfred said that "one federal judge" already had advised the commissioners that he would give the more chance to write a valid order. The commissioners had been cited to appear at Sherman Saturday to show cause why they should not be held in contempt in connection with issuance of their lost proration order.

Other Lawyers Disagree.

Hardwicke said that other lawyers disagreed with Alfred's interpretation of the marginal well law and that the validity of that law was questionable.

Members of the commission replied that the attorney general was "their lawyer" and they believed they should follow his opinion on legal matters.

No testimony relative to the East Texas field had been presented. Hardwicke said he felt it would be useless to present testimony concerning physical waste, dissipation of pressure, and the like, as the commission had determined to issue an order permitting a field production of between 600,000 and 1,000,000 barrels a day.

Representatives of several operators suggested that the commission and the attorney general should recommend to the legislature that it amend marginal well law. Alfred replied that his duty was to construe the laws and not to advise the legislature on question of policy.

Would Wreck Field.

Hardwicke said that if the commission should follow the attorney general's interpretation, "it will wreck the field, get water all over it and break the price."

H. S. Garrett of Fort Worth said he believed the commission should follow the attorney general's opinion, but he urged that the legislature act immediately to amend the marginal well statute.

Lon A. Smith, chairman of the commission, said that old purchase nominations for the entire state were being tabulated and would be presented later in the day.

The East Texas field was the only area concerning which any major controversy had developed.

Before reading the East Texas problem, the commission heard testimony concerning the Panhandle.

Method Satisfactory.

The commissioners were considering the feasibility of issuing an East Texas order based on potentials. W. B. Hamilton of Pampa, commission employee in the panhandle, said that the potential method was used in the Panhandle and had proved satisfactory.

A. C. Smith of Wichita Falls accused the commission of permitting the waste of a large quantity of gas in the panhandle.

Hamilton said that the last allowable of 43,500 barrels daily for the Panhandle was approximately one third of that field's potential.

He said the field allowable was based on the market demand.

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What Outlook for City Dwellers in Farming?

* * * * * Failure—According to Noted Author. Success—if Properly Handled, Says Henry Ford, Who Advocates Linking Farming and Industry.



CONGRESS

(Continued from Page 1) over the unpaid balance of mortgages outstanding, and in the case of a mortgage on which nothing has been paid, provides that the property be repossessed and a maximum of 70 per cent covered in a new mortgage based on current appraised value.

This 70 per cent would be made up by 50 per cent of the value of the farm and 20 per cent of the improvements.

Conference for Neer Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—(P)—The house today disagreed to the senate amendments to the District of Columbia Neer bill and voted for a conference. The house defeated 135 to 100, a motion by Representative Burton (D., Texas), to agree to senate amendments, one of which forbids sale on government property.

Speaker Rainey appointed as house conferees, Representatives Norton, (N. J.), Bleck (N. Y.), Palmisano (M. D.), Democrats; Stalter and Whitley, both of New York, Republicans.

Appointments Announced.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—(P)—President Roosevelt today nominated Sumner Welles, of Maryland, to be assistant secretary of state and Claude G. Bowers of New York to be ambassador to Spain.

Foreign Loans Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—(P)—Tentative approval was given by the senate judiciary committee to bill to prohibit loans by Americans to any nation in default on its obligations to government or people of the United States.

The bill, introduced last session by Senator Johnson (R., Cal.), was approved by the committee without a quorum, subject to the approval of absent members.

Plan Stunt Work April 15.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—(P)—Plans to put the first recruits of the forest conservation corps at work in national forests by April 15 were drawn today by a conference of regional chiefs of the U. S. forest service.

Major L. Y. Stuart, head of the corps, directed the regional foresters to prepare data showing the exact projects to be undertaken by April 15 and ends by advising every man, wife and child of enough to eat. It is a poor farmer indeed who could not raise a man over 100 pounds, he said, and enough to feed his family.

He is vised with suspicion, even hostility, by his neighbors, says the novelist. He is viewed with suspicion, even hostility, by his neighbors, says the novelist. He is vised with suspicion, even hostility, by his neighbors, says the novelist.

Many of the projects planned for the summer cannot be started by mid-April because of mountain snows, the need for more time to move equipment and to set up camps.

The labor department hastened plans for setting up a system for registering applicants for jobs. After recruiting the men will be encamped at army posts for the shortest time needed for physical examinations and conditioning.

Palace Tuesday Night.

Katherine Shell Pinkston's Class in Pitter Patter Revue.

Vote

For August Wenders for your next mayor. (pol. adv.)

You Don't Have to Break the Bank Roll To Dress Up for Easter!

Complete New Spring Outfits at Special Low Prices

For the Ladies • \$10.00

New Nifty Spring
Hats

Straws, Fabrics,
Cute—
Classy \$1.49

You have to hand it to the new
Gloves

Leather—
and Fabrics—
At \$1.49

BY EXPRESS EVERY DAY—
New Spring Dresses
ARE COMING IN!

Values up to \$10.
in this pre-Easter
Special \$5.00

Purses — That
add that smart
complete touch

Full Fashioned
Hose, our \$1.00
seller 98c

39c

Oxfords, Ties—
Slippers, Sandals—
All colors \$2.95

PRESIDENT ORDERS REDUCTIONS TODAY ABOUT \$400,000,000

ROOSEVELT SIGNS ORDER PUTTING INTO EFFECT NEW COMPENSATION SCHEDULE

WASHINGTON, April 1.—(AP)—President Roosevelt today ordered reductions in veterans allowances totaling approximately \$400,000,000.

Using the extraordinary power vested in him by the economy act, the chief executive shortly after 1:30 p. m. signed the order drafted by Lewis Douglas, director of the budget, and F. J. Hines, veterans administrator, who were present when he signed.

The reduced rates are effective July 1.

Making public the lowered schedules of allowances, the President issued the following statement:

"In connection with the publication today of the regulations having to do with veterans benefits, I do not want any veteran to feel that he and his comrades are being singled out to make sacrifices.

"On the contrary, I want them to know that the regulations issued are but an integral part of our economy program embracing every department and agency of the government to which every employee is making his or her contribution.

"I ask them to appreciate that not only does their welfare but also the welfare of every American citizen, depend upon the maintenance of the credit of their government and that they also bear in mind that every citizen in every walk of life is being called upon, directly or otherwise, to share in this."

Hines and Douglas, in a summary of the new regulations, estimated the savings at \$400,000,000.

"While it is appreciated that many thousands will be adversely affected," they stated, "no estimate as to exact numbers can be given until the reviews authorized have been accomplished.

It can be said, however, that all men who acquire their disabilities in the military, naval service and the dependents of those who die from such disabilities are adequately cared for.

"Also that the more seriously disabled war veterans are entitled either to a pension or hospital or domiciliary care."

The new regulations contain almost 30 printed pages. The Hines-Douglas summary disclosed that the rates to be paid for war time disabilities are 10 per cent, \$8 monthly—25 per cent, \$20; 50 per cent, \$40; 75 per cent, \$60; and 100 per cent, \$80.

Summary of Order On Veteran's Cut

WASHINGTON, April 1.—(AP)—The white house today issued the following explanatory summary of the 18,000 veterans by President Roosevelt slashing federal expenditures for veterans by some \$400,000,000:

Regulation No. 1 pertains to the entitlement to pensions and is divided into three parts.

Part 1 of the regulation authorizes the payment of pensions to former members of the military or naval service who are disabled as a result of disease or injury incurred or aggravated in the line of duty in the active military or naval service during the Spanish-American war, the Boxer rebellion, the Philippine rebellion, and (or) the world war.

The basic provisions are that the injury or disease must have been contracted or aggravated in the line of duty and without misconduct. In the active military or naval service during the Spanish-American war or the world war.

As to persons serving in the Philippine rebellion or the Boxer rebellion, it is further required that they must have actually participated in hostilities.

An extension is made as to the date of cessation of hostilities in the cases of those men who served in the Moro province during the Philippine rebellion and in Russia during the world war. It is not required that the disease or injury have been incurred or aggravated prior to the cessation of hostilities. In all cases it is required that the person to be entitled must have been honorably discharged from the service.

Rebuttable Presumption.

A rebuttable presumption of soundness; except as to defects noted at the time of entry into service, for all persons who served ninety days or more is authorized.

A presumption of service connection for chronic diseases becoming manifest to a 10 per cent degree or more within one year from separation from the service is allowed, but the government is authorized to rebut such presumption where there is affirmative evidence to the contrary or evidence to establish that an incurable injury or disease which is a recognized cause of such chronic disease has been suffered between the date of discharge and the onset of the chronic disease, or in case the disability is due to the person's own misconduct.

Disability Rates

The rates to be paid for war time disabilities are 10 per cent—\$8, 25 per cent—\$20, 50 per cent—\$40, 75 per cent—\$60, and 100 per cent—\$80. If the disabled person has suffered the anatomical loss or the loss of the use of one foot or one hand or one eye, the rate prescribed is increased by \$20.00 per month. If the disabled person has suffered the anatomical loss of both hands or both feet or is so helpless as to be in need of regular aid and attendance, the total rate is \$100. Certain additional specific rates for the more seriously disabled are provided.

Payment of pension on the basis of war-time rates is authorized for those men who applied for enlistment or were drafted or called into the national guard during the world war and before service was finally accepted for service were injured in line of duty.

Pensions to Widows

Pensions to widows, children, and dependent parents of veterans who died from disease or injuries incurred or aggravated in the active military or naval service during the world war are authorized. The rates are 10 per cent, \$8, 25 per cent—\$20, 50 per cent—\$40, 75 per cent—\$60, and 100 per cent—\$80. If the disabled person has suffered the anatomical loss or the loss of the use of one foot or one hand or one eye, the rate prescribed is increased by \$20.00 per month. If the disabled person has suffered the anatomical loss of both hands or both feet or is so helpless as to be in need of regular aid and attendance, the total rate is \$100. Certain additional specific rates for the more seriously disabled are provided.

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Pensions to Widows

incurred or aggravated in the line of duty in the active military or naval service during the before specified war periods, are authorized. The rates adopted are those now provided under existing law for the same class of dependents of deceased world war veterans.

Part 2 of this regulation authorizes the payment of pensions to former members of the military or naval service who incurred disability in line of duty in the active military or naval service during the war-time enlisted periods. In this class of cases it is required that the disability be contracted or aggravated in line of duty and without misconduct.

Part 3 of this regulation authorizes the payment of pensions to those who served during peace time for a period of six months or more.

Pension Rates

The rates of pension payable are 10 per cent—\$8.00; 25 per cent—\$20.00; 50 per cent—\$40.00; 100 per cent—\$80.00.

A rebuttable presumption of soundness, except as to defects noted, is authorized for those who served during peace time for a period of six months or more.

Provision for Dependents

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JUST FOLKS

(Copyright, 1932, Edgar A. Guest.)

GOOD NATURE

So long as we can laugh we live!
So long as we can take our
And all our various drab affairs
And just a touch of humor give
To them and disappointments
pain
We'll find the road to peace
again.

So long as we can hum a song
And make of trouble's shock a
joke.
However beset, how'er distress-
ed
We can courageous be and strong.
We'll inch our burdens up the
way
And come again to peace some
day.

This inward fear that wears us
out.
'Tis perry saps the strength of
men
Who laughs will dare to fight
again
Though danger hedges him about.
Who bears his burdens with a
smile
Some day will find the way to
win.

POLITICS AT RANDOM

The Roosevelt task of blending political and professional runs upon its first stage and at this stage present one of the president's major problems, it is pointed out by Byron Price, chief of bureau, The Associated Press, Washington, D. C. in his Politics at Random column. Mr. Price continues:

"No feature of the big legislative push at Washington is more fascinating to observe than the play and counter-play of ideas between President Roosevelt's coterie of college-professor advisers and the more politically-minded leaders in congress."

"Mr. Roosevelt has surrounded himself with an extraordinary number of experts from college faculties—more, probably, than ever before sat in the inner circle of a President's confidence. Nobody knows exactly how many there are. A good many hold official positions in the various departments, while others come and go daily."

"The mere presence of these men does not, of course, prove that they are all-powerful in determining the Roosevelt legislative program. Mr. Roosevelt is a seasoned politician, and he confers long and often with politicians as well as professors."

"He apparently hopes to blend the professorial mind with the political mind, preserving the best features of both in a plan of action which will combine theory with practicality. It will be most interesting to see how the experiment works."

"At the outset, it worked well enough from the standpoint of the President. He was able to get what he wanted from congress with a minimum delay. But there are certain signs, as he himself observed to some of his callers, that the going may become more difficult as the 'honeymoon' of his administration fades away."

"Outwardly, these signs include such things as the objections interposed against the farm relief and labor corps bills by the two democratic committee chairmen who naturally would have been looked to as sponsors of these measures in the house."

"Underneath the surface there are other indications of a growing restiveness in both senate and house. And underneath the restiveness is an apprehension, or a jealousy, or at least a suspicion that the professorial influence is feeding congress certain legislative raw material which may prove politically indigestible."

"When it comes to public affairs, it would be hard to conceive of two American citizens more widely separated than the professor, with his deep grounding of doctrine and idealism, and the average politician with his inevitable concern for hard practical and political consequence."

"Some of the proposed legislation drafted (there is no secret about it) by the professors, has failed entirely to penetrate the comprehension of some members of congress."

"They not only do not understand the language of these measures, but when it is explained to them they don't think it will work. Many have not hesitated to say so on the floor."

"The net result is that the professorial mind and the political mind are coming problems."

"In the Spring a Young Man's Fancy—"

—By Clive Weed



NOTHING CAN HOLD BACK THE DAWN.

The following written by Col. Frank Knox, publisher of the Chicago Daily News, appeared in the April issue of The Rotarian:

"After all, the heart of man is the most resilient thing in the world. For rebound and for comeback there is nothing on earth to compare with it. Regardless of geography, race or creed, they're all alike—men will bend but they will not break."

"We've just had a demonstration of it here in the United States."

"A short time ago you could have cut the gloom with a cheese knife."

"Today the whole nation is smiling."

"Tomorrow they will have pretty well forgotten."

"Why?"

"Simply because it is human nature to live in the future tense."

"College professors write histories. We read them, most of us, because we're supposed to, but we don't really care where we don't become more difficult as the 'honeymoon' of his administration fades away."

"The trouble with the depression was the fact that, in spite of all we could do, it remained in the present tense. We wanted to push it behind us—that's the way the human animal gets rid of his troubles. Now we think we are more or less rid of it—the effects, not—but the thing itself—decidedly, yes."

"I remember back in 1932 when business was in a terrible shape."

"Oh, shut up! Call up Bill and let's make it a foursome for tomorrow."

"And that's the way it goes. Out of sight—out of mind."

"We feel that whatever we do is by way of slipping back into the blur of things we choose to forget."

"The man-in-the-street is walking with a springy step. Smiles have crowded out the worry wrinkles. Again we see life ahead of us."

"more and more into conflict. Instead of combining, the chemicals are beginning to react."

"There is increasing tendency among the politicians to credit Mr. Roosevelt's program in toto to the influence of the professors, however true or untrue that supposition may be."

"Everyone foresaw that the blending process Mr. Roosevelt hoped to achieve would be difficult, and now the difficulties really are becoming assertive. They present, at this stage, one of the President's major

BRITAIN LIFTS EMBARGO

In lifting its embargo on the shipment of arms to the Far East, the British government admitted the ineffectiveness of such an embargo in curbing hostilities between Japan and China.

The reason for the change of front, as given by the house of commons by the acting prime minister, Mr. Baldwin, was that other nations declined to take similar action.

The refusal of other nations to join in a general embargo, however, is no reflection upon their motives. Under the circumstances that prevail in the Far East, an embargo would operate to the advantage of Japan and to the disadvantage of China.

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PRESIDENT SIGNS

REFORESTATION LAW

AS AID TO RELIEF

AIDES GETTING READY TO
ENLIST THOUSANDS OF
JOBLESS OF NATION

WASHINGTON, Mar. 31.

(P)—President Roosevelt today made his forest conservation-employment program law by signing the bill, while his aides rushed to make ready for enlisting thousands from the cities' jobless for the work.

He directed the department of labor to supervise enrollment of the idle, making plain that he had in mind selection of men who went to the metropolitan centers during boom days now to carry out the task of putting the many thousands of the nation again in condition to produce timber and guard against floods.

This first point of his emergency relief program was authorized yesterday by congress.

It is the hope of Mr. Roosevelt to get some men to work within two weeks. By midsummer, he believes, over 200,000 men can be wielding axes and pushing spades in the forests.

The president will go ahead with the plan he had in mind to give the "civilian conservation corps" a pay of \$30 a month with food and subsistence.

Major R. Y. Stuart, U. S. Forester, called a conference of representatives of the state forestry departments to plan for state projects. Before that can be held, however, he will confer with representatives of the U. S. forest service Monday. Later conferences with representatives of private holders of forest lands will be held in an effort to work out co-operative projects.

Only about 46 per cent of the forest area in this country is now protected against forest fires and the project which Stuart aims to bring about would increase the protection.

A meeting of representatives of the war, labor, and agriculture and interior departments will labor to perfect plans for getting the Roosevelt program under way quickly.

MUSSOLINI'S PLAN
TO ASSURE EUROPEAN
PEACE MADE PUBLICSIX-POINT PROGRAM IS AN-
NOUNCED IN PARIS; PRO-
VIDES FOUR-POWER PACT

PARIS, March 31. (P)—Premier Mussolini's plan to assure peace in Europe made public here today and was discussed as a proposal for a six-point pact.

It provided:

1. Four-power collaboration for peace by Great Britain, France, Italy, and Germany.

2. Acceptance of the principle of revision of treaties in accordance with the League of Nations "in a spirit of mutual understanding and solidarity of reciprocal interests."

3. Great Britain, France and Italy, in the event of the failure of full disarmament (by which Germany would realize equality) pledge gradual realization of equality for Germany, Austria, Hungary and Bulgaria.

4. Following of a common line of action by the four powers in world affairs.

5. Effectiveness of the accord for ten years, when it will be automatically renewable unless denounced.

6. Registration of the accord with the League of Nations, the text of the proposed pact follows:

Article 1. The four western powers, Germany, France, Great Britain and Italy, undertake to realize among themselves an effective police co-operation with the view of maintaining peace in accordance with the spirit of the Kellogg and "no force" pacts. (The latter was the agreement last December among the four nations to renounce armaments to Germany.) They also undertake to act in the domain of European relations in such a way that this peace policy can be adopted, in case of necessity, by other states as well.

Article 2.—The four powers confirm the principle of revision of peace treaties, in accordance with the clauses of the covenant of the League of Nations, in cases where situations arise which are likely to bring conflicts among states.

Article 3.—France, Great Britain and Italy declare that, in case of disarmament conference, they will not be bound by the equality rights recognized as due to Germany should have an effective significance and Germany will undertake to realize these equality rights by stages, which will be determined by a successive accord to be concluded by the four powers through the usual diplomatic channels. The four powers will undertake to reach an understanding in the same sense with regard to Austria, Hungary and Bulgaria.

Article 4.—In all political and economic fields, the four powers will undertake to adopt as far as possible a common line of action.

Article 5.—This political agreement of understanding and co-operation which will be submitted if necessary for the approval of parliaments within three months, will have a duration of ten years and will be automatically extended another ten-year period unless denounced by one of the contracting parties a year before expiration.

Article 6.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 7.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 8.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 9.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 10.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 11.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 12.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 13.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 14.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 15.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

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Article 18.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 19.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 20.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 21.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 22.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 23.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

Article 24.—The present pact will be filed with the secretariat of the League of Nations.

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PLANS COMPLETE FOR EAST TEXAS FIDDLERS CONTEST

ATHENS, April 2.—"Turkey In the Straw," "Sally Gooden" and other tunes will emanate from literally scores of "fiddlers" at the Athens high school auditorium on the evening of Friday, March 28th, if early news is shown. In this year's second annual East Texas Fiddlers Contest is any criterion. Letters indicating much interest in the contest have reached the Athens Farm Marketing Association which is sponsoring the contest jointly with the Athens Municipal band. The list of entries is expected to exceed that of last year when strong bands from a number of East Texas counties participated.

Eight cash prizes will be awarded this year, the first prizes as follows: First \$50.00; Second \$10.00; Third \$5.00; Fourth \$5.00; Fifth \$5.00; Sixth \$5.00; Seventh \$2.50; Eighth \$2.50.

The prizes will be awarded to the chief fiddler of each string band. Under the new program arrangement each string band entered will play two numbers with the chief fiddler playing a solo number between the two band numbers. He will be allowed one accompanist for his number. All string bands entering the contest must register with C. H. Santon, Athens on or before May 17.

Thirty-nine East Texas newspapers will be sent publicity stories about the contest and circulars will be distributed over a wide area. Announcement of the contest also will be made over radio stations in this part of the state.

CALVERT SAYS HE IS OPPOSED SALES TAX FOR TEXAS

The Daily Sun has received the following from Robert W. Calvert, filial representative from Navarro and Hill Counties in the forty-third legislature, with the request for its publication:

Due to the fact that I am receiving so many letters and cards from my friends in Navarro county asking my opinion on the sales tax bill, I take this means of assuring the people of the county that I am unalterably opposed to a sales tax or any other tax which can be passed on to the general public at this time.

The allowance made for postage for members of the House is limited and for that reason I hope that my friends will accept my statement and answer to their relatives and will not feel that my failure to answer each such letter personally is a lack of interest or a lack of appreciation of their advising me of their views on pending legislation.

Yours very truly,

R. W. CALVERT,

ENFORCING LAW ON AUTOMOBILE LICENSE MATTERS ON HIGHWAY

Operators of two automobiles with fictitious license plates were arrested during the week-end here by highway patrolmen who warned the motorists.

Local highway officers announced Monday morning that motorists driving motor vehicles with 1932 license plates would be arrested and charged in justice courts hereafter.

One Injured in Auto Accident

An automobile driven by Jack Megarity and one driven by a Mr. Stone were in collision at the intersection of the Bloomington and State Home roads Sunday morning. Mr. Megarity was not injured but a car with Mr. Stone received a scalp wound. Others in the Stone car were bruised but not badly injured. After receiving treatment in a local doctors office Mr. Stone and party left for Fort Worth.

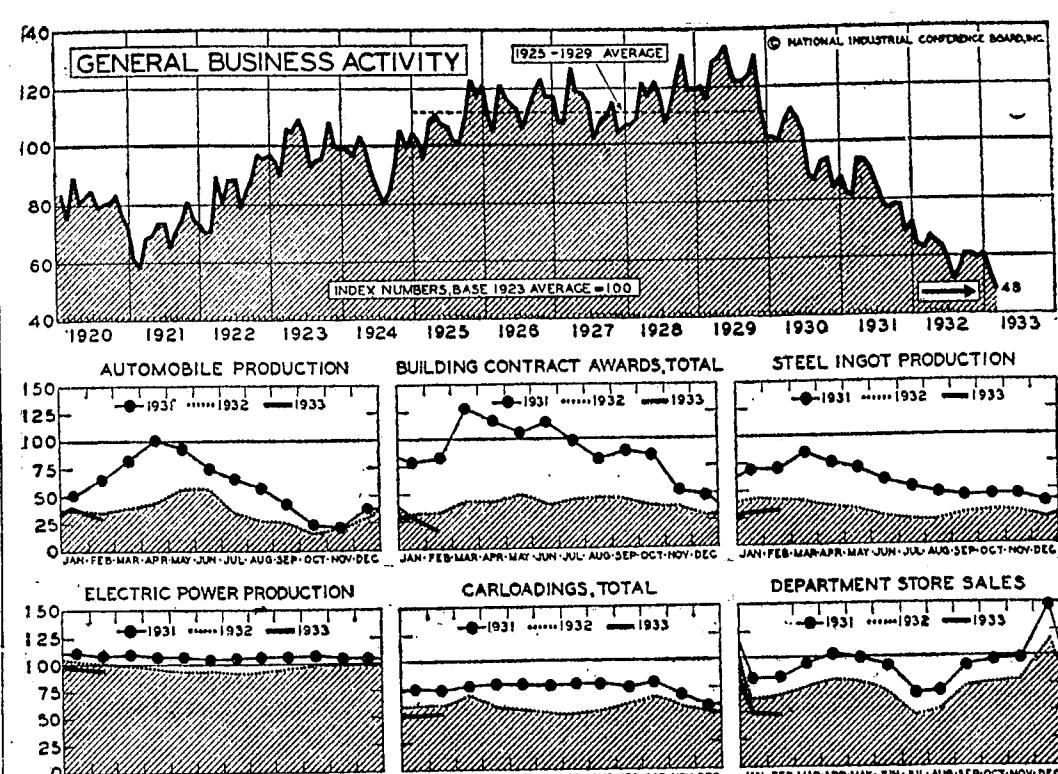
Sun Want Ads Bring Results.



PROTECT THE ONLY PAIR OF EYES YOU WILL EVER HAVE
—By Correctly Fitted Lenses and properly adjusted frames.

DR. H. A. JUNGERMAN
Optometrist
Successor to Iversen Optical Co.

BUSINESS TRENDS—Financial Crisis Cuts Activity



The large chart above shows the course of general business activity from 1920 to the end of February. The smaller charts show activity in specific industries during the last three years. All business activity fell off in January and February, the February decline being due in large part to recent financial difficulties. Production in specific industries either declined or failed to advance as much as was expected.

Courthouse News

District Court.

The following have been summoned as petit jurors for the second week of the April term of the Thirteenth judicial court for the week beginning Monday, April 10.

N. L. Benson, Corsicana; Burleigh Butler, Corsicana; J. D. Skinner, Purdon; A. L. Bain, Kershaw; C. E. Allen, Corsicana; F. H. Mussey, Kershaw; J. D. Cunningham, Jr., Corsicana; S. K. Breitz, Corsicana; Max Bruseth, Corsicana; T. P. Hayes, Corsicana; H. O. Varnell, Barry; L. P. Tilton, Angus; H. M. Pritchard, Corsicana; T. F. Kenner, Corsicana; T. H. Fouty, Navarro; E. H. Harvey, Navarro; H. C. Garner, Dallas; Will Collins, Stratman; J. E. Davis, Dawson; S. C. Daniels, Dan, Corsicana; Leo Palmer, Daniels; E. E. Babers, Corsicana; N. C. Goodman, Corsicana; F. L. Hulon, Kershaw; T. J. Hickley, Corsicana; R. M. Hopkins, Corsicana; Floyd Goodwin, Kershaw; W. M. Huff, Corsicana; Geo. Hemphill, Kershaw; H. C. Jester, Corsicana; F. S. Carroll, Fros; Finis McClure, Kershaw; E. H. Hignote, Corsicana; B. F. Easterling, Chaffield.

The appearance docket will be called Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

District Clerk's Office.

The following cases were filed: Lily May Choles vs. Joe Chole, divorce; Lida Carter vs. Warren Carter, divorce.

Marriage License.

Richard Watson and Ime Hardgraves; E. C. Rhea and Gladys Fortner; C. A. Turns and Annie Mary Hawkins.

Warranty Deeds.

N. Tinkle to Ada Hawkins, a lot 50x40 feet east of the T. & E. V. Railroad in the O. B. Monroe survey in Emhouse, \$128.

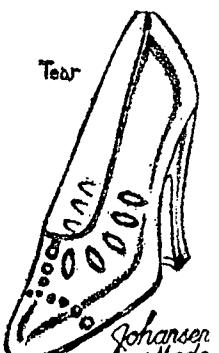
C. L. Jones et ux to R. S. Thompson, 68-100 acre of the John White survey, \$34.

Sheriff's Office.

Robert Lee Smith, charged by

Corley
FUNERAL HOME
Telephone 66
Ambulance Service

New
Footwear
Fashions
For Easter
in Johansens



"TEAR"

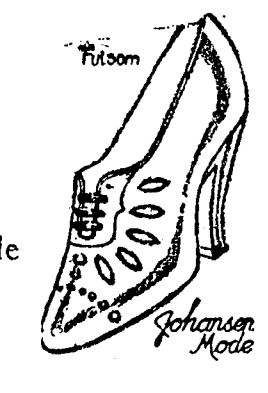
White "MARCELLE"
Perforated Eyelette Pump

\$6.50

"FULSOM"

White "MARCELLE"
Perforated Eyelette Tie

\$6.50



"Supreme"

Grey Kid
Black Kid
White Kid

\$3.95

Big 4 Shoe Co. Inc.

EST. 1898

NEWER IDEAS
IN HATS

Are Presented Today.
Won't you Visit Us

50¢ to \$10

Brown's Hat Shop
ALSO JIG SAW PUZZLE EXCHANGE FIVE CENTS
217 North Beaton St.

STUDY OF MICE IN NATURAL DESERT LABORATORY LENDS SUPPORT TO DARWIN THEORY

By HUGH LYTLE
(Associated Press Staff Writer)

BERKELEY, Cal., April 3.—(AP)—White mice and black, studied in a natural desert laboratory in the Tularosa Basin of New Mexico, may contribute important evidence in support of Darwin's theory of natural selection.

In the Tularosa Basin, an arid sink about 30 miles north of El Paso, Texas, colonies of white pocket mice, burrowing rodents of the genus *Perognathus*, live in content on dunes of white gypsum sand. A rifle shot away separates the sand from the alkali desert, black pocket mice live and thrive on a black lava formation.

Dr. Seth Benson, assistant curator of mammals of the Museum of Vertebrate Zoology of the University of California, in a monograph prepared for publication by the university, said the protective coloration was the result of natural selection.

Benson established a camp in the sink and studied many hundreds of the mice at first hand for more than a month. The rodents, called pocket mice because of the presence of small cheek pouches, are nocturnal animals and much of the work was carried on by moonlight.

In an intensive study, which also took into account the possible effect of climate and diet on the mice, Benson eliminated these as bearing on the coloration of the mice.

"The lava flows and the white sands in the basin are surrounded by and isolated from each other by stretches of alkali desert," Benson said today. "It seems probable that a concealing coloration has developed as a result of natural selection and isolation. In other words, dark mice, living in the black background, being better protected against the ravages of birds and beasts of prey, survived because mice with protective coloration lived and passed on their protective color characteristics.

"Similarly mice with white, or partly white, coloration survived and bred on the white sands. In time this produced a white race truly a survival of the fittest."

"Larger mammals, able to range between the black and white areas did not develop protective colorings. The fact that the isolated races have developed such coloration is explained by the fact they are not exposed to interbreeding with animals not subjected to the same sort of selection."

The band and entourage will parade in the business section of the city at 4:30 Thursday afternoon, in addition to giving concerts and programs in the Corsicana Public Schools during the day.

"The 'SMusicians' as they are called, have recently completed a successful tour of the state, and are reported to have improved on their programs.

White Man Arrested
In Raid Saturday

A white man was arrested in connection with a raid conducted on North Twentieth street, Saturday night by the constable's department.

A case of beer was seized before Judge M. Bryant.

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A case of

CITY CHATS

By Edna Kent Forbes

Requests for beauty information desired by Edna Kent Forbes columnists must be accompanied by a fully self-addressed stamped envelope (a 3-cent postage stamp to cover cost of mailing and handling. For the illustrated tips with fully 50c. must be enclosed. Miss Forbes in care of this name.

ASTRINGENTS

You must keep your skin fine and you should do it at all times. This is so easy to do that I cannot see why women neglect it. It is not a matter of cost, since cold water is the cheapest cosmetic that exists. It takes no time—at least, a cold rinse twice a day cannot take more than 30 seconds. No, it is just a matter of carelessness, or the silly feeling of dislodge which many people have about cold water. If you don't like cold water, try some of these other astringents. First, however, wash the skin while you cleanse it—I'd suggest the simplest and incidentally, one of the best cleansing methods, oil on the skin first, washed off with a cloth wrung out of hot water. A few applications of this cloth will bring the blood up to the skin, open the pores, and thoroughly clean the skin. Or wash the skin with a small sponge attached to a stick. One cloth wrung from cold water will begin the astringent treatment, will partially close the pores and feel very grateful on the warm flushed skin. Then you can use other astringents.

There is ice. An ice rub is wonderful for the skin and for bracing flabby muscles. There is witch hazel, which costs very little, and is rubbed on alcohol, too strong to use on the skin without being diluted. I buy quart bottles of this for ten and occasionally 15 cents, in the sales at the cut-rate drug stores, and use it after a bath. But for the face, it should be diluted to about half the strength with plain cold water.

There is the white of an egg—a wonderful astringent. Usually this is used in the hair, but the egg white not only draws up the skin so as to tighten the muscles, it also tightens the pores of the skin. And there are hosts of special waters and skin tonics; every beauty shop sells half a dozen varieties. If you want to spend money for these buy them and use them. The point is that you should keep a bottle of something handy, to wipe over the face and tighten the pores, at least once a day.

I S.—The only way you could darken the bleached portion of your hair would be to dye it to the same color or that which is now coming out with the new growth. Sage tea merely gives a light tan color to hair that is even lighter than its own shade. Henna

is the only way to dye out the deficit of the national organization.

The fund is being raised to wipe out the deficit of the national organization.

BUGHOUSE FABLES



TODAY'S CROSS-WORD PUZZLE

Solution of Saturday's Puzzle

ACROSS	1. Ripple against	10. French coln	11. Tree	12. Danish fjord	13. Thaw	14. Sun	15. Mythical man-eating monster	16. Small, thin	17. Low part of a city	18. Tack	19. Monkey	20. Mother	21. Palm, lily	22. Member of a Japanese race	23. Note of the scale	24. Uncle Tom's cabin	25. One who loves	26. One who loves	27. One who loves	28. One who loves	29. This former sole	30. Brazilian coins	31. One who loves	32. One who loves	33. One who loves	34. One who loves	35. One who loves	36. One who loves	37. One who loves	38. One who loves	39. One who loves	40. One who loves	41. One who loves	42. One who loves	43. One who loves	44. One who loves	45. One who loves	46. One who loves	47. Drinking vessel	48. Pertaining to	49. Member of a branch of the Tai race	50. Increase in severity	51. Foolish	52. Cleat	53. Metal fastener	54. Metal fastener	55. Metal fastener	56. Metal fastener	57. Metal fastener	58. Metal fastener	59. Metal fastener	60. Metal fastener	61. Metal fastener	62. Metal fastener	63. 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Markets

Local Markets

Cotton used \$10.00

Cotton

Texas Cotton Markets

DALLAS, April 3—(AP)—Cotton:

Houston 5.90

Gulfport 5.25

New York Cotton Table

NEW YORK, April 3—(AP)—Cotton

futures closed steady 1-4 lower.

Open High Low Close

May 6.33 6.48 6.26 6.25

June 6.34 6.49 6.45 6.47

July 6.35 6.49 6.45 6.47

August 6.36 6.49 6.45 6.47

September 6.38 6.49 6.45 6.47

October 6.38 6.49 6.45 6.47

November 6.38 6.49 6.45 6.47

December 6.39 6.50 6.46 6.48

January 6.39 6.50 6.46 6.48

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Tri-motored Private Plane Carried Canada Basketball Champions

NEODESHA, Kas., March 31.—(P)—A tri-motored airplane dropped from the sky to a sodden Kansas meadow today, killing five members of a party of championship Canadian basketball players and bringing critical injury to the remaining nine of fourteen passengers.

The dead included A. H. Hakes, pilot; H. E. Eggens, co-pilot, both of Minneapolis; Mike Shea, a member of Winnipeg, R. H. Bonyngue, business representative of the Canadian Toilers, from the team, and Jack H. O'Brien, Minneapolis, owner of the plane.

The party had left Tulsa, Okla., at 7 a.m., when eight members of the Winnipeg team, their managers, and an official representative of Winnipeg's mayor, had gone to play the first two of a five-game international series. The journey was being made in a privately charted plane.

Both games were lost to the Tulsa Diamond Oilers, United States A. A. U. champions. Other persons on the plane: Col. A. C. Sampson, personal representative of the mayor of Winnipeg, believed dying.

George Wilson, manager of the team, believed dying. Lauder Phillips, player, cut. Al Silverthorne, player, broken arms and legs.

Bruce Dodds, player, internal injuries and broken bones. Joe Dodds, player, bruised. Hugh Penwarden, player, critical.

Ian Wooley, player, badly injured.

Andy Brown, player, injuries undetermined.

All accounts indicated that motor trouble caused the crash, either directly or indirectly. The big plane circled a tank farm of the Sinclair Oil Company, about five miles north of Neodesha, wabbled then fell.

Engines Broken From Plane.

Striking the ground, the ship turned over. The engines separated from the plane, and the twisted mass of metal came to rest with the nose pointed downward. The wreckage did not catch fire and the occupants crawled out or were carried from the debris.

M. A. Norlin, Independence, Kas., and F. E. Harvey, Neodesha, telephone line, and Harry Wilson and Robert Maxwell, both of Tulsa, witnessed the crash.

They propped up the right wing of the ship and hurriedly began extracting the victims from the cabin.

Telephone calls started a procession of ambulances and private motor cars hurrying toward the scene over muddy roads from Neodesha.

Indured Taken to Hospitals.

As soon as they could be loaded into cars, the injured were brought to hospitals here. Local physicians were unable immediately to care for the bruised and maimed survivors and emergency medical and emergency

units from nearby towns.

Silverthorne said the pilot shouted a warning before the crash. "I'm having trouble with the motor. I'm going to have to land. Everybody watch out," he quoted the pilot as saying.

Phillips, another occupant of the plane, attributed the disaster to an attempt of the pilot to make a sharp landing on a small field because of motor trouble.

He said the motor in the left wing died, and the pilot announced his intention of landing, explaining he believed he could continue but thought it best to set the ship down.

Phillips related at the hospital that the pilot sideslipped the big craft to clear the nearby tank farm, then it dived sharply forward.

Wilson, who observed the crash, said the ship banked at it went into a sharp dive, the left wing touching the ground 50 feet from the place where it finally piled up.

On Rockne Crash Anniversary.

The crash came two years to the day after the tragedy near Bazaar, Kas., 100 miles west, which cost the life of Knute Rockne, famous Notre Dame football coach, and seven other passengers of a Commercial Transport plane flying from Kansas City.

Weather conditions were clear today, unlike those when the Rockne plane was dashed to earth in a severe storm.

The nose of the plane was buried in the earth and the fuselage and wings were crumpled into a twisted mass of debris.

Friends who rushed to the scene removed the wreckage did not catch fire.

The injured were brought to a hospital here and physicians from surrounding towns were summoned to assist in treating them.

Confusion reigned around the wreckage when rescuers reached the zone. Reports of the disaster spread about Neodesha and precipitated a wild rush for the company tank farm.

Roads in the vicinity were muddy from recent rains and motor cars experienced difficulty in making fast progress.

Persons living near the scene said the plane circled a meadow, apparently in distress, before dropping to the ground. Upon striking the ground the big ship turned end over end.

All three motors were torn from the plane.

Sheriff J. E. Whiteside took charge of the wreckage.

Star Basketball

Players on Plane

WINNIPEG, Kas., March 31.—(P)—The Winnipeg Toilers basketball team, champions of Canada, whose plane crashed on its home from an international series in Tulsa, included in their lineups some of the most famous amateur basketball players in Canada among them Al Silverthorne and Ian Wooley, veteran guards, and Mike Shea, former Ottawa star.

Air travel was not unfamiliar to the team as they made part of their trip from Winnipeg to Tulsa by plane, then from Minneapolis. Their return home was planned by the same route. The players being scheduled to continue their journey from Minneapolis by train.

The Toilers had just finished winning the Manitoba championship when they embarked for the international series with the champion-

PRACTICE AFFAIR WAS CONDUCTED AT STATE HOME FRIDAY

CLUBS WILL COMPETE IN NIGHT MEET AT GROESBECK WEDNESDAY

State Home track and field team copped a dual meet at the State Home track Friday afternoon against the Corsicana high school performers by a score of 81 to 55. The scheduled entry of I. O. O. F. Home and Mildred Thirty-nines failed to materialize.

A number of fine events were unrevealed with good time made in several of the races.

The two clubs will compete in an invitational meet at Groesbeck Wednesday night at 7:30 p.m. with the Marlin, Groesbeck, Tex., and probably other aggregations entered. This will mark the first time that the Corsicana club has participated in a nocturnal affair.

Corsicana will meet the Waco high team in Waco next Saturday in a dual meet.

RESULTS:

120-Yard High Hurdles.
1. Oliver, State Home, 16.34.
2. Anderson, State Home.

4. Rehders, Corsicana.
4. Myers, State Home.

Discus.

1. Burke, Corsicana, 112 ft. 2.6 inches.
2. Phillips, Corsicana.

3. Ragsdale, State Home.
4. Suggs, State Home.

100-Yard Dash.

1. Sullivan, State Home, 10.2 sec.
2. Kellum, Corsicana.

3. Barnes, Corsicana.

4. Sullivan, State Home.

80-Yard Run.

1. Crabtree, Corsicana, 24.7.
2. Ragsdale, State Home.

3. Lake, State Home.

4. Myers, Corsicana.

Broad Jump.

1. Oliver, State Home, 20 ft. 7 in.

2. Sullivan, State Home.

3. Kellum, Corsicana.

4. Rehders, Corsicana.

High Jump.

1. Sullivan, State Home, 5 ft. 3 in.

2. Kellum and Wendorf, both of Corsicana, tied.

4. Lake, State Home.

220-Yard Low Hurdles.

1. Oliver, State Home.

2. Anderson, State Home.

3. Rehders, Corsicana.

Shot Put.

1. Suggs, State Home, 40 ft. 3 1/2 in.

2. Phillips, Corsicana.

3. Oliver, State Home.

4. Burke, Corsicana.

440-Yard Run.

1. Myers, State Home.

2. Kenner, Corsicana.

3. Bryson, State Home.

4. Parish, Corsicana.

220-Yard Run.

1. Sullivan, State Home, 23.2 sec.

2. Kellum, Corsicana.

3. Barnes, Corsicana.

4. Hill, State Home.

Mile Run.

1. Jones, Corsicana, 5.75.

2. Raulston, State Home.

3. Myers, State Home.

4. Gandy, State Home.

Mile Relay.

State Home relay team won the mile relay in 3:43.

Pole Vault.

Andrews, Corsicana, and Smith,

State Home, tied for first and second honors and McElroy, State Home,

Beeley, State Home, and Rehders, Corsicana, tied for third and fourth places in this event.

Aviatrix Killed

In Auto Accident

Arizona Today

PHOENIX, Ariz., April 1.—(P)—

Mrs. Jessie Chapman, aviatrix of Los Angeles and Chicago, was killed and her companion, Mrs. Gladys Wood of Detroit, was injured seriously by an automobile accident 35 miles west of Phoenix early today. Their machine collided with a heavy freight truck.

Mrs. Chapman and Mrs. Wood, Phoenix visitors, were on their way to Agua Calientes, Mexico, when the accident occurred.

Mrs. Chapman was a contestant in the last national air derby.

Quilting and Shower

Home Mrs. Armstrong

Pursley Community

PURSLEY, April 3.—(SPL)—On Wednesday, March 28, Mrs. Pearl Armstrong invited the Pursley community ladies to her home for an all-day quilting and shower.

Quilts quilted were for a former friend and neighbor, Mrs. Beulah Clemons, and a miscellaneous shower for Mrs. Ogle.

Many beautiful and useful gifts

were drawn in before the honored guest on a daintily decorated toy wagon. The attendants were Masters Ardine Harden and Parnell York.

A gay morning of quilting followed by a lovely chicken dinner was enjoyed by the following ladies:

Mrs. Henry Pursley, Mrs. G. O. Reedy, Mrs. R. L. Pursley, Mrs. Mrs. Charlie Mahoney, Alyne Pursley, Mrs. Weaver Owen, Mrs. Jim Crider, Mrs. Claudia Ray, Mrs. Allan Keith, Mrs. D. Ray, Mrs. Wiley Harden, Mrs. Larkin York, Mrs. Billy York, Mrs. Molie Bolen.

Other guests arriving in the afternoon were: Mrs. Janie Nott, Mrs. Ogle, Mrs. Len Mahoney, Mrs. Ogle, Barnes, Mrs. J. W. Higgins, Mrs. Maggie Earley, Mrs. T. Baggett, Mrs. Tom Owen, Mrs. Jewel Lane, Mrs. Christie, Mrs. Euna Christie, Mrs. Nettie Johnson, Mrs. Bob Jones, Mrs. Ruby Taylor, Mrs. Jim Caples, Mrs. Loeckley, Mrs. Shirley, Mrs. Currie, Mrs. Claude Jones, Mrs. Iris Davis, Mrs. J. W. Scoggins, Mrs. Ollie McCurry, Mrs. Claude Cox, Mrs. Buchanan.

(By The Associated Press.)

Decorative committees and wreathes marked the path today of frankish tornadoes which zigzagged erratically across East Texas, Louisiana and Arkansas Thursday night, taking a toll of at least 21 lives and injuring more than 100 persons.

The storm swept out of the southwest yesterday afternoon, striking first at Lindale, Smith County, on the edge of the East Texas area of Arkansas, where Mrs. Boyett was killed and her two children hurt.

Death Strikes Rapidly.

NACOGDOCHES, March 31.—(P)—

By a strange coincidence, two members of the family of Bill Elmer Keith, a carpenter, suffered violent death in an early morning.

In swift succession, the same

storm or a series of related

disturbances wreaked havoc at Ma-

bank, Kaufman county, San Aug-

ustine, Shelbyville and Hunting-

ton, in the pine forest of

Northwestern Louisiana, striking

Hall Summit, and dipping into

Arkansas, touching Mount Holly,

when a tornado struck near Shel-

(By The Associated Press.)

CLUBS WILL COMPETE IN NIGHT MEET AT GROESBECK WEDNESDAY

Thirty-Three Dead; Many Injured With Property Loss High

(By The Associated Press.)

At least 33 persons were killed by tornadoes which struck four Southern states last night and today, causing property damage of hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Six deaths, two women, three children and a negro boy, were reported from Brookhaven and Greenville, Miss., where the twisters struck after devastating a half dozen East Texas communities and portions of Northwestern Louisiana and Southern Arkansas.

Disturbances continued spor-

tically today, sweeping through sectors in Louisiana and Mississippi. Just before noon, a terrific wind swept around and through Zachary, La., damaging small dwellings extensively and injuring a white planter and a score of negroes. The twister moved through the town, killing two dead near San Augustine and nine injured; two dead at Lindale and four injured; four injured at Madison; two injured at Dallas; five dead at Mall Summit, in Louisiana; and one dead at Mount Holly, in Arkansas.

Relatives continued to materialize. A number of fine events were unrevealed with good time made in several of the races.

The two clubs will compete in an invitational meet at Groesbeck Wednesday night at 7:30 p.m. with the Marlin, Groesbeck, Tex., and probably other aggregations entered. This will mark the first time that the Corsicana club has participated in a nocturnal affair.

Corsicana will meet the Waco high team in Waco next Saturday in a dual meet.